	Pre-Chemigation Assessment		
No.	Item	Action Needed or Taken	Date
	Label Provisions, Handler Safety (if WPS applies), and Community Response		
LP1.	 Pesticide label(s) use provisions Product is registered for chemigation Irrigation system being used is listed in the chemigation section Crop or crop site is listed Application will not exceed labeled rate, cumulative quantity restriction, or application frequency 		
LP2.	 Handlers (e.g., mixing, loading, applying, early re-entry) Properly trained in set-up, operation, and shutdown of irrigation and injection equipment Appropriately trained and properly equipped to safely use pesticides Label-specified protection equipment provided (e.g., gloves, apron, eye protection, protective suites) Access to pesticide label and material data safety sheet (MSDS) 		
LP3.	 Respirators (if required by the pesticide material) Physical completed and medical clearance form on file with employer Handler received training on make and model of respirator within the past year Don and removing Washing, care, maintenance, and storage Decontamination procedure Cartridge selection and change out schedule Handler has been fit-tested within the past year, when requested, or with change in physical condition 		
LP4.	Emergency eyewash One-pint per person must be immediately accessible 		
LP5.	Decontamination supplies Refer to "Emergency Equipment and Supplies" and "Decontamination Standards for Handlers" Within ¼-mile of application site At mix/load site At decontamination station 		
LP6.	 Central Posting Board WPS safety poster present and information legible Emergency information about nearest emergency medical facility Pesticide-specific application information (e.g., location, product name, application time & date, REI) 		
LP7.	 Operation, Emergency Response, and Preparedness Plan (refer to sample plan) Information is current and accurate Contents reviewed with employees and they are familiar with emergency response procedures Plan retained at the application site or in possession of the applicator 		

	Pre-Chemigation Assessment				
No.	Item	Action Needed or Taken	Date		
	Chemigation Injection Site				
CS1.	Injection site free of leaking or broken pesticide containers				
CS2.	injection site uncluttered and unobstructed by overgrown plants or plant debris				
CS3.	 Measures taken to minimize off-target contamination (e.g., surface water, wellhead, roadway, homesteads) Injection site and equipment suggested to be placed at least 25 feet from surface water or wellhead If positioned closer than 25 feet, injection equipment (i.e., tanks, hoses, pump, injection point) placed into a secondary containment structure or onto a containment pad Surface drain covers installed, nozzle deflectors in-place, nozzle arc adjusters and trip pins set, etc. 				
CS4.	 Measures taken so that injection site will not be contaminated (overspray, drift) with chemical-laden water Equipment placed outside of treatment area Disable nozzles that overspray injection site Injection equipment located down gradient of water source Application tank placed within a secondary containment structure Injection equipment placed onto a containment pallet/collection basin or within a containment structure 				
CS5.	Water does not collect or pond around the injection site or the power control panels				
CS6.	Shovels, diking or absorbent materials, PPE, and overpack drums available on-site for spill response				
	Antipollution Devices				
AP1.	 Backflow devices present and operate correctly Irrigation mainline check valve Vacuum relief valve Low pressure drain Inspection port System interlock (i.e., pressure switch, flow meter, electric or hydraulic solenoids) 				
AP2.	 Irrigation mainline check valve Manipulate assembly (valve and linkage) to assess linkage and seal integrity and spring tension Check for worn, torn, or missing seats; misaligned linkages; or broken springs 				
AP3.	 Injection line check valve. □ Cracking (opening) pressure of spring at least 10 psi ► Increase opening pressure 5 psi for every 10 feet that fluid level in tank is above injection point □ Injection check valve constructed of chemically compatible and of ultraviolet (UV) stabilized material □ Injection point is recommended to be at least 25 feet away from the water source □ Injection point must be as far downstream from a water outtake as possible, but at least six feet 				
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	Pre-Chemigation Assessment		
No.	Item	Action Needed or Taken	Date
AP4.	 Vacuum relief valve ❑ Ventilation ball should be free floating ► The ball may become wedged or cemented into an open position after long run periods or when operated in high calcareous (i.e., calcium, carbonate, bicarbonate) water 		
AP5.	 Inspection port The port must be located immediately upstream of the irrigation mainline check valve Only after the irrigation system has depressurized, open inspection port and inspect for leakage past the irrigation mainline check valve. If leakage is present, check for valve malfunction. Inspection ports may not be present on constantly pressurized or flooded centrifugal pump systems (i.e., hydraulic head from elevation gain to the water source) 		
AP6.	Low-pressure drain Drain valve should operate freely. Check for calcification or for debris. Drainage is discharged away from sensitive areas 		
AP7.	 Irrigation system and injection apparatus interlocks Pressure switch de-energizes electrical outlets on control panel with loss of irrigation system pressure Flow meter de-energizes electrical outlets on control panel with decrease in irrigation water flow rate Hydraulic solenoid will not energize electrical outlets until irrigation system pressure is reached Direct-wired electrical outlets are color coded to distinguish from slaved (interlocked) outlets 		
	Injection Equipment		
IE1.	 Application tank Sufficient volume to hold agricultural chemical(s), adjuvant(s), and carrier Adequately cleaned to prevent chemical cross-contamination and avoid crop injury or contamination Placement is protected from farm equipment or vehicles Structurally sound: no holes, cracks, stress fractures, or breaks, especially around the site tube and tank outlet ¼-turn shutoff valve attached to outlet, is properly operating, and can be fitted with a locking device External site tube fitted with a spring-loaded or manual shutoff valve or attached downstream of tank ¼-turn shutoff valve External site tube is clamped or secured to application tank Filter screen or strainer is of appropriate mesh (usually at least a 40-mesh) and undamaged Filter screen or strainer is unplugged and free of chemical residue, foreign material, or debris Opaque tanks used when injecting fertilizer with chelating agents (due to photogradation) Manhole cover in-place, other ports covered No visible signs of leakage after tank is filled 		

	Pre-Chemigation Assessment		
No.	Item	Action Needed or Taken	Date
IE2.	 Application notification information Attached to application tank, posted on enclosed building, or fastened to security fence Contact name Contact phone number Volume of container Unique identifier Pesticide label (chemigation) or list of primary ingredients (fertigation) 		
IE3.	 Suction line hose from tank to injection pump Appropriate size Compatible with injected material and UV-stabilized Contains an in-line strainer to prevent coagulated material, precipitates, or foreign material from entering the injection pump or irrigation system Ideally, fluid level in application tank is higher than suction valve on injection pump Hose not in physical contact with abrasive materials or sharp objects Tubing protected from farm equipment and vehicles Tubing kept as short as possible to minimize the potential for mechanical damage or as a tripping or entanglement hazard 		
IE4.	 Pressure line hose from pump to injection point Kept as short as possible to minimize the potential for mechanical damage or as a tripping or entanglement hazard Capable of withstanding operating pressure of irrigation system and of the injection system Braided or another high pressure rated material (i.e., burst strength) Hose not in physical contact with abrasive materials or sharp objects Tubing protected from farm equipment and vehicles Hose free of deformation (i.e., discoloration, softness, bulging), cuts, pinholes, tears, ruptures, abrasion, or wear points. Be aware of products that can weaken hose integrity. 		
IE5.	 Agitation System If needed, agitation system to keep the chemical in solution or suspension. As a general rule, dilution rations greater than 1:200 (1 part chemical to 199 parts water) require agitation during the injection application. Because solubility is significantly impacted by temperature, dilution ratios higher than 1:200 may not dissolve completely due to the solubility limits of the chemical 		
IE6.	Hoses, clamps, fasteners, connectors, gaskets, and seals Periodically inspected for tightness, breaks, tears, weakness, fatigue, and wear		
IE7.	Remove solenoid valve or sensor strainers from housing and clean once a year		

	Chemigation Application Assessment			
No.	Item	Action Needed or Taken	Date	
	Chemigation Injection Site			
CS1.	 Pesticide containers Empty containers rinsed according to label instructions and rinsate added to application tank Rinsed containers prepared for recycling or disposal Leaking or damaged containers repacked for future use or overpacked & secured for waste collection 			
CS2.	Pesticides and fertilizer stored away from water sources and from irrigation pump and injection site			
CS3.	Irrigation system at operating pressure before initiating chemigation or fertigation application			
CS4.	 Overspray, drift, and surface runoff Reset arc adjusters and trip pins on sprayheads, if necessary Adjust azimuth settings at pivot panel, trip blocks at pivot tower, or other controller mechanism for endgun or solenoid-controlled nozzles Readjust irrigation application rate to match soil infiltration rate 			
CS5.	Water does not collect or pond around the injection site			
CS6.	Shovels, diking or absorbent materials, PPE, and overpack drums available on-site for spill response			
	Application Tank			
AT1.	 Stock solutions Intake strainer at the end of the suction line should be suspended 3 to 4 inches above the tank bottom to prevent the siphoning of precipitate material from the stock solution. 			
AT2.	Drip pan placed under valves to catch spillage, particularly when coupling/uncoupling hoses			
AT3	Tank periodically inspected for leaks, cracks, or holes.			
	Injection Equipment			
IE1.	 Injection line tubing Check for deformation (i.e., discoloration, softness, bulging), cuts, pinholes, tears, ruptures, abrasion, or wear points. Be aware of products that can weaken hose integrity. Inspect injection line and screen for flow obstructions 			
IE2.	 Injection line check valve ❑ Valve is not leaking ▶ Prior to attaching hose from injection pump, bring irrigation system up to pressure and check for leakage through the injection line check valve. Ideally, discharge should occur near the middle of the water stream, especially if first nozzle is located within 30 feet of the injection point and the pipeline does not contain an elbow or bend to aid 			
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Chemigation Application Assessment No. Action Needed or Taken Item Date with chemical mixing and 2) the product is corrosive. Bleeder valve attached to inlet end of injection line check valve Product collected when bleeding air from the injection line is placed into the application tank Injection pump □ No obstructions in the in-line screen or strainer or within the injection line □ No obstructions in suction and discharge valves that keep valve balls from seating IE3. Seals should not leak □ Inspect bearings for signs of wear, repack or replace as suggested by the manufacturer Manifolds, elbows, fittings, joints, seals, and gaskets, and pivot collection ring IE4. Periodically inspect for leaks Hoses, clamps, fasteners, connectors, gaskets, and seals IE5. □ Inspect for tightness, breaks, tears, weakness, fatigue, and wear **Chemical Injection** Calibration □ Injection rate verified with injection pump operating against operating pressure of irrigation system CI1. □ Initial calibrations taken with at least 20 second readings □ Final calibration check should be at least a five minute reading Recalibration • Injection rate verified at least once every two hours Cl2. Performed whenever water flow rate varies due to sequencing of endguns and solenoid-controlled nozzles on spans or on swing arms Monitoring Application Routine site visits At least once every four hours throughout the application unless pesticide label provisions require more frequent monitoring MA1. Equipment operating properly General maintenance performed Constant monitoring • Required whenever a sensitive area is prone to overspray or to physical drift or it will likely to occur Scout perimeter of treatment site MA2. Correct operation of solenoid controllers or arc settings and trip pins □ No offsite runoff, overspray, or physical drift occurring

	Chemigation Application Assessment		
No.	Item	Action Needed or Taken	Date
	Label Provisions, Handler Safety, and Community Response		
LP1.	 Appropriate notification provided to workers and handlers Verbal Field posting Dual notification (verbally and field posting) 		
LP2.	Operation, Emergency Response, and Preparedness Plan (refer to sample plan) On-site and accessible to employees 		

	Post-Chemigation Assessment		
No.	Item	Action Needed or Taken	Date
	Chemigation Injection Site		
CS1.	 Site clean up Spilled product cleaned up and disposed of in a proper manner Unnecessary equipment removed Site secured (i.e., lock placed on ¼ turn valve on tank or fenced area locked) 		
CS2.	Shovels, diking or absorbent materials, and PPE Replenish material used and return equipment to site		
	Antipollution Devices		
AP1.	 Backflow devices undamaged and operate correctly Irrigation mainline check valve Vacuum relief valve Low pressure drain Inspection port System interlock (i.e., pressure switch, flow meter) 		
AP2.			
	Injection Equipment		
IE1.	 Rinse out application tank after each application or at the end of each treatment period Rinsate injected into the irrigation system and applied onto the application site Pesticide cannot remain in a tank for 14 days after an application unless wholly contained in a secondary containment structure 		
IE2.	Flush injection equipment with clean water immediately after injection is complete		
IE3.	 Flush irrigation system for a time period at least equal to the fill or charge time Dye-marker is recommended to determine travel time from injection point to the most distant riser 		
IE4.	Wash off injection equipment and irrigation system after each application, especially before handling		
IE5.	Manifolds, elbows, fittings, joints, seals, and gaskets, and pivot collection ring □ Examine for excessive leaks		
IE6.	Hoses, clamps, fasteners, connectors, gaskets, and seals Inspect for tightness, breaks, tears, weakness, fatigue, and wear 		
IE7	Flush filter housing and screen after each use.		

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	Post-Chemigation Assessment			
No.	ltem	Action Needed or Taken	Date	
	Pesticide Containers			
PC1.	 Plastic Containers Rinsed containers prepared and kept dry for recycling or disposal Unrinsed containers stored with a fastened lid and intact label in a secure storage site Remaining product removed from injection site and secured in a secure storage site Overpacked waste material removed from injection site and secured for a waste collection event Leaking or damaged containers repacked for future use or overpacked & secured for waste collection 			
PC2.	 Paper Containers Contents completely empted from the bag Bags secured from wind and moisture Bags disposed of by returning to the dealer or taken to a landfill Remaining product removed from injection site and secured in a secure storage site Leaking or damaged containers repacked for future use or overpacked & secured for waste collection 			
PC3.	Mini-Bulk Containers Returned to dealer			
	Label Provisions, Handler Safety, and Community Response			
LP1.	Complete pesticide application record the same day that application is finished			
LP2.	Field posting removed within 72-hours after the end of the REI			
LP4.	Update central notification board			
LP5.	Operation, Emergency Response, and Preparedness Plan (refer to sample plan)			